



Materiales Educativos GRATIS

ALGEBRA

CUARTO

UNIDAD IMAGINARIA

- **Unidad imaginaria**

Es el número que resulta de extraer la raíz cuadrada al negativo de la unidad.

$$i = \sqrt{-1} \Rightarrow i^2 = -1$$

- **Cantidad imaginaria**

Es el número que resulta de extraer la raíz de índice par a un número real negativo.

Si $A > 0$; $n \in \mathbb{N}$

Entonces, $\sqrt[2n]{-A}$

Ejemplo:

$$\begin{aligned}\diamond \quad \sqrt{-9} &= \sqrt{9(-1)} = \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{-1} = 3i \\ \diamond \quad \sqrt{-11} &= \sqrt{11(-1)} = \sqrt{11} \cdot \sqrt{-1} = \sqrt{11}i\end{aligned}$$

- **Potencias de la unidad imaginaria**

$$\begin{array}{ll} \diamond \quad i^1 = i & i^{4k+1} = i^1 = i \\ \diamond \quad i^2 = -1 & \Rightarrow i^{4k+2} = i^2 = -1 \\ \diamond \quad i^3 = -i & i^{4k+3} = i^3 = -i \\ \diamond \quad i^4 = 1 & i^{4k} = i^4 = 1 \end{array}$$

- **Propiedades**

$$\begin{array}{l} \diamond \quad i^1 + i^2 + i^3 + i^4 = 0 \\ \diamond \quad i^1 + i^2 + i^3 + i^4 + \dots + i^{4k-1} + i^{4k} = 0; \forall k \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \\ \diamond \quad i^{-k} = (-1)^k \cdot i^k \\ \diamond \quad i^{(\frac{1}{4}+n)k} = i^{\frac{1}{4}+nk}; 0 \leq n \leq 3; n \in \mathbb{Z}^+; k \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \end{array}$$

- **Resultados notables**

$$\begin{array}{l} \diamond \quad (1+i)^2 = 2i \\ \diamond \quad (1-i)^2 = -2i \\ \diamond \quad (1+i)^4 = -4 \\ \diamond \quad (1-i)^4 = -4 \\ \diamond \quad \frac{1+i}{1-i} = -i \\ \diamond \quad \frac{1-i}{1+i} = -i \end{array}$$

Trabajando en clase

Integral

1. Reduce:

$$A = \frac{i^4 + i^8 + i^{12}}{i^{16} + i^{20}}$$

2. Reduce:

$$A = \sqrt{-9} + \sqrt{-25} + \sqrt{-64} - \sqrt{-100}$$

3. Reduce:

$$B = i + i^2 + i^3 + i^4 + i^{13} + i^{14} + i^{15} + i^{16}$$

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4. Reduce:

$$M = \frac{i^{4^2} + i^{4^3} + i^{4^4} + i^{4^5}}{i^4 + i^4}$$

Resolución:

$$M = \frac{i^{\frac{1}{4}} + i^{\frac{1}{4}} + i^{\frac{1}{4}} + i^{\frac{1}{4}}}{i^{\frac{1}{4}} + i^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

$$M = \frac{1 + 1 + 1 + 1}{1 + 1} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

5. Reduce:

$$M = \frac{i^{4^21} + i^{4^32} + i^{4^43} + i^{4^54}}{i^{4^65} + i^{4^76}}$$

6. Reduce:

$$P = \frac{i^{-321} + i^{-400}}{i^{20} + i^{91}}$$

7. Reduce:

$$A = 1 + i + i^2 + i^3 + \dots + i^{2014}$$

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8. Reduce:

$$A = \frac{(1+i)^2 + (1+i)^4 + (1-i)^2}{(1-i)^4}$$

Resolución:

$$A = \frac{2i - 4 - 2i}{-4} = \frac{-4}{-4} = 1$$

9. Reduce:

$$A = \frac{(1+i)^4 + (1-i)^4 + (1+i) \cdot (1-i)^2}{4}$$

10. Reduce:

$$A = \left(\frac{1+i}{1-i}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1-i}{1+i}\right)^2 + \frac{1+i}{1-\frac{1+i}{1-i}}$$

11. Reduce:

$$A = \frac{i^{100} + i}{1-i} + \left(\frac{1+i}{1-i}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1-i}{1+i}\right)^4$$

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12. Reduce:

$$A = \frac{(1+i)^3 + (1-i)^4}{(1-i)^5 + (1+i)^6 + 6i - 2}$$

Resolución:

$$A = \frac{(1+i)^2 (1+i) + (-4)}{(1-i)^4 \cdot (1-i) + (1+i)^4 (1+i)^2 + 6i - 2}$$

$$A = \frac{2i (1+i) - 4}{(-4)(1-i) + (-4)(2i) + 6i - 2}$$

$$A = \frac{2i + 2i^2 - 4}{-4 + 4i - 8i + 6i - 2} = \frac{2i - 6}{2i - 6} = 1$$

13. Reduce:

$$A = \frac{4i^{100} - 3i^{123457} + 5i^{\overline{abcd36}}}{8i^{\overline{PAMER2016}} + 7i^{\overline{PAMER2014}}}$$

14. Reduce:

$$G = \sqrt[2]{i - \sqrt{i + \sqrt[5]{i}}}$$

$$Z = \frac{i + (1+i)^2}{\frac{1-i}{\frac{1-1-i}{\frac{1+1+i}{1-i}}}}$$

Calcula: $G \cdot Z$